## MF Pinner Wood School

## Knowledge Organiser - Science - Year 6 Autumn 2 Light

## STICKY KNOWLEDGE

Light travels in straight lines.		The light rays from a light source reflect off the object we are looking at. The light travels in a straight line and enters the eye through our pupil.	Reflection is when light bounces off a surface, changing the direction of a ray of light Refraction is when light changes direction, or bends, when it moves from one material to another.	As the earth spins, it makes the sun appear to rise in the east in the morning. Because the sun hits an object at an angle, the shadow is long. As the earth continues to spin the sun is overhead by midday. Because the sun hits the object from above, the shadow is short.		
The closer an object is to the light source, the bigger the shadow. The further away the object is from the shadow, the smaller the shadow.		Opaque objects block the light rays so they can only travel around the edges of the object in straight lines. That is why a shadow is the same shape as the object.	White light is made up of the colours of the rainbow. When light is refracted through a transparent object, a rainbow is formed.	As the earth spins and the sun sets in the west in the evening, the shadow is long.	Because light travels in straight lines, when it hits an object, it is blocked. It can't bend around the object so it casts a shadow.	
KEY VOCABULARY						
light source	an object that provides its own light			1.) We can see objects because light		
reflected	when light shines on a surface and bounces back			reflects off them and into our eyes. 2.) Light reflects off most objects,	When	
opaque	it describes materials which do not allow light to travel through			especially colours like white and yellow. 3.) If there is no light at all (pitch-black), then there is no light to reflect and we	bour	
transparent	it de	escribes materials which allow	can't see anything at all. 4.) At night you can still see a bit in the dark because the moon is reflecting light.			
spectrum	a ba	a band of several colours				

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LIGHT SOURCES

A mirror is <u>not</u> a light source.

It reflects light so doesn't create it.

**Opaque:** This is the name given to objects which light *cannot* travel through.

They block light and create shadows

Translucent: This is the name given to

Transparent: This is the name given to

objects which light can travel through.

objects which some light can travel

through.

Rainbows are formed when the sun shines through water particles (transparent) and when white light passes through,

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it 'bends' and splits into the range of colours which

make white light

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LIGHT

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When light hits a smooth object, it

bounces off (reflects) making it appear shiny.

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Light travels in straight lines. It travels from the light source either directly into our eyes, or reflecting off objects at 670 million mph.

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